Controller Medications for Asthma

Key Questions and Inclusion Criteria

Update #1

Key Questions

- 1. What is the comparative efficacy and effectiveness of controller medications used to treat outpatients with persistent asthma?
- 2. What is the comparative tolerability and frequency of adverse events for controller medications used to treat outpatients with persistent asthma?
- 3. Are there subgroups of these patients based on demographics (age, racial groups, gender), asthma severity, comorbidities (drug-disease interactions, including obesity), other medications (drug-drug interactions), smoking status, genetics, or pregnancy for which asthma controller medications differ in efficacy, effectiveness, or frequency of adverse events?

Inclusion Criteria

Populations

• Adult or pediatric outpatients with persistent asthma.

Interventions

| Drug Type | Generic Name | Trade Name | Forms |
|--------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|---------|
| Inhaled | Beclomethasone | Qvar® | Inhaled |
| Corticosteroids | | Vanceril® ^C | Inhaled |
| | Budesonide | Pulmicort Turbuhaler® ^a | Inhaled |
| | | Pulmicort Flexhaler® | Inhaled |
| | | Pulmicort Respules® | Inhaled |
| | | Pulmicort Nebuamp® | Inhaled |
| | Flunisolide | AeroBid® | Inhaled |
| | | AeroBid-M® | Inhaled |
| | | AeroSpan® | Inhaled |
| | | Bronalide® ^C | Inhaled |
| | Fluticasone | Flovent® ^C | Inhaled |
| | | Flovent Rotadisk® ^C | Inhaled |
| | | Flovent Diskus® ^a | Inhaled |
| | | Flovent HFA® | Inhaled |
| | Triamcinolone | Azmacort® | Inhaled |
| | Mometasone | Asmanex Twisthaler® | Inhaled |
| | Ciclesonide | Alvesco® ^d | Inhaled |
| Long-Acting beta-2 | Formoterol | Foradil Certihaler® | Inhaled |
| agonists (LABAs) | | Foradil Aerolizer® | Inhaled |
| | | Oxis® ^b | Inhaled |
| | | Perforomist® | Inhaled |
| | | Oxeze Turbuhaler® ^a | Inhaled |

Asthma Page 1 of 3

| Drug Type | Generic Name | Trade Name | Forms |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Arformoterol | Brovana® | Inhaled |
| | Salmeterol | Serevent® | Inhaled |
| | | Serevent Diskhaler® ^a | Inhaled |
| | | Serevent Diskus® | Inhaled |
| Leukotriene | Montelukast | Singulair® | Tablets, Chewable |
| Modifiers | | | tablets, Granules |
| (leukotriene | Zafirlukast | Accolate® | Tablets |
| receptor | Zileuton | Zyflo® | Tablets |
| antagonists | | ZyfloCR® | Extended release tablets |
| (LTRAs) and | | | |
| leukotriene | | | |
| synthesis inhibitors | | | |
| (LTSIs)) | | | |
| Anti-IgE Therapy | Omalizumab | Xolair® | Powder for subcutaneous |
| | | | injection |
| Combination | Fluticasone | Advair® | Inhaled |
| Products | propionate/Salm | Advair Diskus® | Inhaled |
| | eterol xinafoate | Advair HFA® | Inhaled |
| | Budesonide/for | Symbicort® | Inhaled |
| | moterol | Symbicort Turbuhaler® ^a | Inhaled |
| Long-Acting | Tiotropium | Spireva® ^d | Inhaled |
| anticholinergics | - | not available in the US or Canada. C | |

^a Product is available in Canada only; ^b Product is not available in the US or Canada; ^C Product has been discontinued by the manufacturer; ^d Product is new since the previous Asthma report

Efficacy and Effectiveness Outcomes

- Control of symptoms (e.g., days/nights/frequency of symptoms, rate of asthma exacerbations, frequency of rescue medication use, courses of oral steroids)
- Functional capacity and quality of life (missed school and missed work days, ability to participate in work/school/sports/physical activity, activity limitation, improved sleep/sleep disruption)
- Urgent care services (Emergency department visits/urgent medical care visits)
- Adherence
- Hospitalization
- Mortality

Adverse Events/Harms

- Overall adverse events reported
- Withdrawals due to adverse events
- Serious adverse events reported (e.g., growth suppression, hypothalamus-pituitary-adrenal axis suppression, osteoporosis/fractures, mortality)
- Specific adverse events or withdrawals due to specific adverse events (e.g. growth retardation, bone mineral density, ocular toxicity, suppression of the HPA axis, tachycardia, anaphylaxis, death)

Study Designs

• For efficacy and effectiveness, randomized controlled trials of at least 6 weeks duration ($n \ge 40$) and good-quality systematic reviews

Asthma Page 2 of 3

• For adverse events/harms, randomized controlled trials of at least 6 weeks ($n \ge 40$), good-quality systematic reviews, and observational studies of at least 6 months duration ($n \ge 100$)

Asthma Page 3 of 3